



**Manning & Napier Fund, Inc.
Individual Retirement Account (IRA)**

SIMPLE IRA

BNY MELLON INVESTMENT SERVICING TRUST COMPANY

Supplement to the SIMPLE Individual Retirement Account (SIMPLE IRA)

Disclosure Statement for Tax Year 2023

2023 SIMPLE IRA CONTRIBUTION LIMITS:

The maximum allowable contribution to your SIMPLE IRA for tax year 2023 is 100% of your salary up to \$15,500 as deferred compensation. This limit is in addition to your employer's matching or non-elective contributions. In the case of an eligible employee who will be age 50 or older before the end of the calendar year, the above limitation is increased by \$3,500 (total of \$19,000 for 2023). For tax years after 2023, the above limits may be subject to Internal Revenue Service (IRS) cost-of-living adjustments, if any. Please read the SIMPLE Individual Retirement Account Disclosure Statement carefully or consult IRS Publications 560 or consult a professional tax advisor for more information about eligibility requirements and contribution restrictions.

Technical corrections: The language highlighted below replaces the last line of each section in the Disclosure Statement as shown below. Previously, more information could be located by using the search tool on www.irs.gov, however, the content of IRS publications is excluded from these searches. Please see the most recent *IRS Publication 590-A, Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)*.

RESTRICTION ON INDIRECT (60-DAY) ROLLOVERS

An IRA participant is allowed only one rollover from one IRA to another (or the same IRA) across all IRAs (Traditional, Rollover, Roth, SEP, SARSEP and SIMPLE) in aggregate that a taxpayer owns in any 12-month or 365-day period. As an alternative, a participant can make an unlimited number of trustee-to-trustee transfers where the proceeds are delivered directly to the receiving financial institution, successor custodian or trustee. You must contact the receiving institution to initiate a trustee-to-trustee transfer. For more information, **please see *IRS Publication 590-A, Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs) – "Application of one-rollover-per-year limitation."***

RECHARACTERIZATION OF ROTH IRA CONVERSION IS NOW PROHIBITED (Correction Process)

Effective January 1, 2018, a Roth IRA conversion cannot be recharacterized back to a traditional IRA, SEP or SIMPLE IRA. In addition, amounts contributed to an employer sponsored qualified plan that were converted to a Roth IRA cannot be recharacterized back to the employer plan. A Roth IRA conversion is now deemed an irrevocable election and cannot be "reversed" or "corrected".

Prior to January 1, 2018, you could correct a Roth IRA conversion made in error by recharacterizing the conversion back to a traditional IRA, SEP or SIMPLE IRA. The recharacterization had to take place prior to the due date, including extensions, for filing your federal income tax return for the tax year in which the conversion was originally made. ~~According to the IRS, you can recharacterize a Roth IRA conversion that took place in tax year 2017, provided that the recharacterization is completed by October 15, 2018.~~ For more information, **please see *IRS Publication 590-B, Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs) – "No recharacterizations of conversions made in 2018 or later."***

SECURE 2.0 Act of 2022

Supplement to the SIMPLE Individual Retirement Account (IRA)

Disclosure Statement for provisions effective on or prior to January 1, 2023

THE BELOW CHANGES REPLACE THE CURRENT LANGUAGE IN THE DISCLOSURE EFFECTIVE AS OF 1/1/2023. CHANGES OR ADDITIONS ARE INDICATED IN *ITALICS*.

Note: The SECURE 2.0 Act includes that SIMPLE IRA Designated Roth Contributions will be allowed, however this change cannot be implemented until IRS Guidance is issued to confirm the process for employers to update their plans and accept participant elections for SIMPLE IRA Designated Roth Contributions.

YOUR SIMPLE IRA ACCOUNT

You have opened a SIMPLE IRA, which is an IRA for the exclusive benefit of you and your beneficiaries, created by a written instrument (the Custodial Account Agreement).

The following requirements apply to your SIMPLE IRA:

1. Contributions, transfers and rollovers may be made only in "cash" by check, draft, or other form acceptable to the Custodian.
2. The Custodian must be a bank, trust company, savings and loan association, credit union or a person who is approved to act in such a capacity by the Secretary of the Treasury.
3. No part may be invested in life insurance contracts.
4. Your interest must be nonforfeitable.
5. The assets of the custodial account may not be mixed with other property except in a common investment fund.
6. You must begin receiving distributions from your account no later than:
 - i. April 1 of the year following the year in which you attain age 70½; if you attained age 70½ in or prior to 2019 (those owners born on or prior to June 30, 1949);
 - ii. April 1 of the year following the year in which you attain age 72; if you attain age 70½ in or after 2020 (those owners born on or after July 1, 1949);
 - iii. *April 1 of the year following the year in which you attain age 73; if you attain age 72 in or after 2023 (those owners born in or after 1951);*
 - iv. *April 1 of the year following the year in which you attain age 75; if you attain age 73 in or after 2033 (those owners born in or after 1960);* and
 - v. distributions must be completed over a period that is not longer than the joint life expectancy of you and your beneficiary.

EARLY DISTRIBUTIONS FROM A SIMPLE IRA:

Your receipt or use of any portion of your SIMPLE IRA before you attain age 59½ is considered an early or premature distribution. The distribution is subject to a penalty tax equal to 10% of the distribution (the penalty tax is increased to 25% if the distribution occurs prior to satisfying the required two year holding period) unless one of the following exceptions applies to the distribution:

11. **Terminal illness distributions** - *An exception to the 10% early withdrawal penalty applies for distributions made to an individual whose physician certifies that they have an illness or condition that is reasonably expected to result in death within 84 months.*¹
12. **Participants impacted by a federally declared disaster** - *May distribute up to \$22,000 per disaster, and such distribution is exempt from the 10% early distribution penalty.*¹

REQUIRED DISTRIBUTIONS FROM A SIMPLE IRA

You are required to begin receiving minimum distributions from your IRA by your required beginning date, which is defined as:

- April 1 of the year following the year in which you attain age 70½; if you attained age 70½ in or prior to 2019 (those owners born on or prior to June 30, 1949);,
- April 1 of the year following the year in which you attain age 72; if you attain age 70½ in or after 2020 (those owners born on or after July 1, 1949);
- *April 1 of the year following the year in which you attain age 73; if you attain age 72 in or after 2023 (those owners born in or after 1951); or*
- *April 1 of the year following the year in which you attain age 75; if you attain age 73 in or after 2033 (those owners born in or after 1960).*

The year you attain *the then effective RMD age* (see above) is referred to as your "first distribution calendar year". Your required minimum distribution for each year, beginning with *the calendar year you attain the then effective RMD age* is generally based upon the value of your account at the end of the prior year divided by the factor for your age (derived from the IRS Uniform Lifetime Distribution Period Table). This table assumes you have a designated spouse beneficiary exactly 10 years younger than you. However, if your spouse is your sole beneficiary and is more than 10 years younger than you, your required minimum distribution for each year is based upon the joint life expectancies of you and your spouse. The account balance that is used to determine each year's required minimum distribution amount is the prior year end fair market value (value as of December 31st), adjusted for outstanding rollovers, transfers and recharacterizations (that relate to a conversion or failed conversion made in the prior year). You are responsible for notifying the Custodian of any outstanding amounts.

If the amount distributed during a taxable year is less than the minimum amount required to be distributed, you will be subject to a penalty tax equal to 25% of the difference between the amount distributed and the amount required to be distributed, *and if the failure is corrected within 2 years following the due date of the distribution, the penalty may be reduced to 10%*. You are responsible for monitoring this schedule from year to year to make sure that you are withdrawing the required minimum amount. If you are subject to a federal penalty tax due to a missed required minimum distribution, you must file IRS Form 5329.

SIMPLE IRA CUSTODIAL ACCOUNT AGREEMENT

(Form 5305-SA April 2017)

The participant is establishing a Savings Incentive Match Plan for Employees of Small Employers Individual Retirement Account ("SIMPLE IRA") under sections 408(a) and 408(p) of the Internal Revenue Code to provide for his or her retirement and for the support of his or her beneficiaries after death. The Custodian has given the participant the disclosure statement required under Regulations section 1.408-6.

The participant and the Custodian make the following agreement:

ARTICLE I

The Custodian will accept cash contributions made on behalf of the participant by the participant's employer under the terms of a SIMPLE IRA plan described in section 408(p). In addition, the Custodian will accept transfers or rollovers from other SIMPLE IRAs of the participant and, after the 2-year period of participation defined in section 72(t)(6), transfers or rollovers from any eligible retirement plan (as defined in section 402(c)(8)(B)) other than a Roth IRA or a designated Roth account. No other contributions will be accepted by the Custodian.

ARTICLE II

The participant's interest in the balance in the custodial account is nonforfeitable.

ARTICLE III

1. No part of the custodial account funds may be invested in life insurance contracts, nor may the assets of the custodial account be commingled with other property except in a common trust fund or common investment fund (within the meaning of section 408(a)(5)).
2. No part of the custodial account funds may be invested in collectibles (within the meaning of section 408(m)) except as otherwise permitted by section 408(m)(3), which provides an exception for certain gold, silver, and platinum coins, coins issued under the laws of any state, and certain bullion.

ARTICLE IV

1. Notwithstanding any provision of this agreement to the contrary, the distribution of the participant's interest in the custodial account shall be made in accordance with the following requirements and shall otherwise comply with section 408(a)(6) and the regulations thereunder, the provisions of which are incorporated by reference.
2. The participant's entire interest in the custodial account must be, or begin to be, distributed not later than the participant's required beginning date, April 1 following the calendar year in which the participant reaches age 70½. By that date, the participant may elect, in a manner acceptable to the Custodian, to have the balance in the custodial account distributed in:
 - a. A single sum, or
 - b. Payments over a period not longer than the life of the participant or the joint lives of the participant and his or her designated beneficiary.
3. If the participant dies before his or her entire interest is distributed to him or her, the remaining interest will be distributed as follows:
 - a. If the participant dies on or after the required beginning date and:
 - i. the designated beneficiary is the participant's surviving spouse, the remaining interest will be distributed over the surviving spouse's life expectancy as determined each year until such spouse's death, or over the period in paragraph (a)(iii) below if longer. Any interest remaining after the spouse's death will be distributed over such spouse's remaining life expectancy as determined in the year of the spouse's death and reduced by 1 for each subsequent year, or, if distributions are being made over the period in paragraph (a)(iii) below, over such period.
 - ii. the designated beneficiary is not the participant's surviving spouse, the remaining interest will be distributed over the beneficiary's remaining life expectancy as determined in the year following the death of the participant and reduced by 1 for each subsequent year, or over the period in paragraph (a)(iii) below if longer.
 - iii. there is no designated beneficiary; the remaining interest will be distributed over the remaining life expectancy of the participant as determined in the year of the participant's death and reduced by 1 for each subsequent year.
 - b. If the participant dies before the required beginning date, the remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with (i) below or, if elected or there is no designated beneficiary, in accordance with (ii) below:
 - i. The remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with paragraphs (a)(i) and (a)(ii) above (but not over the period in paragraph (a)(iii), even if longer), starting by the end of the calendar year following the year of the participant's death. If, however, the designated beneficiary is the participant's surviving spouse, then this distribution is not required to begin before the end of the calendar year in which the participant would have reached age 70½. But, in such case, if the participant's surviving spouse dies before distributions are required to begin, then the remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with (a)(ii) above (but not over the period in paragraph (a)(iii), even if longer), over such spouse's designated beneficiary's life expectancy, or in accordance with (ii) below if there is no such designated beneficiary.
 - ii. The remaining interest will be distributed by the end of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the participant's death.
4. If the participant dies before his or her entire interest has been distributed and if the designated beneficiary is not the participant's surviving spouse, no additional contributions may be accepted in the account.
5. The minimum amount that must be distributed each year, beginning with the year containing the participant's required beginning date, is known as the "required minimum distribution" and is determined as follows:
 - a. The required minimum distribution under paragraph 2(b) for any year, beginning with the year the participant reaches age 70½, is the participant's account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the distribution period in the uniform lifetime table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9. However, if the participant's designated beneficiary is his or her surviving spouse, the required minimum distribution for a year shall not be more than the participant's account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the number in the joint and last survivor table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9. The required minimum distribution for a year under this paragraph (a) is determined using the participant's (or, if applicable, the participant and spouse's) attained age (or ages) in the year.
 - b. The required minimum distribution under paragraphs 3(a) and 3(b)(i) for a year, beginning with the year following the year of the participant's death (or the year the participant would have reached age 70½, if applicable under paragraph 3(b)(i)) is the account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the life expectancy (in the single life table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9) of the individual specified in such paragraphs 3(a) and 3(b)(i).

- c. The required minimum distribution for the year the participant reaches age 70½ can be made as late as April 1 of the following year. The required minimum distribution for any other year must be made by the end of such year.
6. The owner of two or more IRAs (other than Roth IRAs), may satisfy the minimum distribution requirement described above, by taking from one IRA the amount required to satisfy the requirement for another in accordance with the regulations under 408(a)(6).

ARTICLE V

1. The participant agrees to provide the Custodian with all information necessary to prepare any reports required by sections 408(i) and 408(l)(2) and Regulations sections 1.408-5 and 1.408-6.
2. The Custodian agrees to submit to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and participant the reports prescribed by the IRS.
3. The Custodian also agrees to provide the participant's employer the summary description described in section 408(l)(2) unless this SIMPLE IRA is a transfer SIMPLE IRA.

ARTICLE VI

Notwithstanding any other articles, which may be added or incorporated, the provisions of Articles I through III and this sentence will be controlling. Any additional articles that are not consistent with sections 408(a) and 408(p) and the related regulations will be invalid.

ARTICLE VII

This agreement will be amended from time to time to comply with the provisions of the Code and related regulations. Other amendments may be made with the consent of the persons whose signature appears on the SIMPLE IRA Account Application and Adoption Agreement.

ARTICLE VIII

1. All funds in the custodial account (including earnings) shall be invested in assets permissible under the Code which have been designated by the Custodian as eligible for investment ("Eligible Assets") as directed by the participant in compliance with this Agreement. Eligible Assets will be purchased at the prices determined in accordance with the market applicable to particular Eligible Assets.
2. The Custodian may hold all Eligible Assets in accounts registered to the Custodian or its nominee. Participant shall be the beneficial owner of all Eligible Assets held in the custodial account notwithstanding such registration.
3. The Participant (or the Participant's authorized agent) shall, from time to time, direct the Custodian to invest funds received by the Custodian under this Agreement. Any funds received by the Custodian under this Agreement for which the Custodian does not receive investment directions may, at the sole discretion of the Custodian, be returned to the Participant or held uninvested until direction is received from the Participant (or the Participant's authorized agent), in either case without such funds being deemed contributed to the custodial account.
4. The Custodian agrees to forward, or to cause to be forwarded, to Participant (i) the then-current prospectus, if any, applicable to each Eligible Asset held in the custodial account, and (ii) any notices, proxies and proxy soliciting materials received by it with respect to Eligible Assets held in the custodial account. In the event Custodian does not receive timely directions from participant with respect to any voting interests of participant in Eligible Assets in the custodial account, Custodian is hereby directed to and shall vote such interests (i) in the same proportion as other participants have timely directed the Custodian to vote such interests, or (ii) as required by law if a vote other than that provided for by clause (i) is so required.
5. The participant shall have the right by written notice to the Custodian (i) to designate one or more beneficiaries to receive any benefit to which the participant may be entitled in the event of the participant's death prior to the complete distribution of such benefit, and (ii) to designate one or more beneficiaries in replacement of any previously designated beneficiaries. Any such notice will be deemed to be in effect when received in good order by the Custodian. If no such designation is in effect at the time of the participant's death, or if all designated beneficiaries have predeceased the participant, the participant's surviving spouse shall become the participant's beneficiary, or, if the participant does not have a surviving spouse at the time of death, the distribution will be made to the participant's estate.
6. (a) The Custodian shall have the right to receive rollover contributions as described in Article I of this Agreement. The Custodian reserves the right to refuse to accept any property or contribution which is not in the form of cash.

(b) The Custodian, upon written direction of the participant and after submission to the Custodian of such documents as it may reasonably require, shall transfer the assets held under this Agreement (reduced by (1) any amounts referred to in paragraph 8 of this Article VIII and (2) any amounts required to be distributed during the calendar year of transfer) to a successor individual retirement account, to an individual retirement annuity for the Participant's benefit, or directly to the participant.

Any amounts received or transferred by the Custodian under this paragraph 6 shall be accompanied by such records and other documents as the Custodian deems necessary to establish the nature, value and extent of the assets and of the various interests therein.

7. Without in any way limiting the foregoing, the participant hereby irrevocably delegates to the Custodian the right and power to amend at any time and from time to time the terms and provisions of this Agreement and hereby consents to such amendments, provided they shall comply with all applicable provisions of the Code, the Treasury regulations thereunder and with any other governmental law, regulation or ruling. Any such amendments shall be effective when the notice of such amendments is mailed to the address of the participant indicated by the Custodian's records.
8. Any income taxes or other taxes of any kind whatsoever levied or assessed upon or in respect of the assets of the custodial account or the income arising there from, any transfer taxes incurred, all other administrative expenses incurred, specifically including but not limited to, administrative expenses incurred by the Custodian in the performance of its duties and fees for legal services rendered to the Custodian, and the Custodian's compensation may be paid by the participant and, unless so paid within such time period as the Custodian may establish, shall be paid from the participant's custodial account. The Custodian reserves the right to change or adjust its compensation upon 30 days advance notice to the participant.
9. The benefits provided hereunder shall not be subject to alienation, assignment, garnishment, attachment, execution or levy of any kind, and any attempt to cause such benefits to be so subjected shall not be recognized, except to such extent as may be required by law.
10. The Custodian may rely upon any statement by the participant (or the participant's beneficiary if the participant is deceased) when taking any action or determining any fact or question which may arise under this Agreement. The participant hereby agrees that neither the Custodian nor any sponsor, issuer, depository or other person or entity associated with any Eligible Asset held at any time in the custodial account will be liable for any loss or expense resulting from any action taken or determination made in reliance on such statement. The participant assumes sole responsibility for assuring that contributions to the custodial account satisfy the limits specified in the appropriate provisions of the Code. The participant agrees that the participant will not direct the Custodian to engage in any prohibited transactions (as defined in Code section 4975) with respect to the Custodial Account.

11. The Custodian may resign at any time upon 30 days written notice to the participant and to the sponsor, issuer, depository or other person or entity primarily associated with each Eligible Asset held in the custodial account, and may be removed by the participant at any time upon 30 days written notice to the Custodian. Upon the resignation or removal of the Custodian, a successor Custodian shall be appointed within 30 days of such resignation notice and in the absence of such appointment, the Custodian shall appoint a successor unless the Agreement be sooner terminated. Any successor Custodian shall be a bank (as defined in section 408(n) of the Code) or such other person found qualified to act as a Custodian under an individual account plan by the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate. The appointment of a successor Custodian shall be effective upon receipt by the Custodian of such successor's written acceptance, which shall be submitted to the Custodian, the Funds, and the participant. Within 30 days of the effective date of a successor Custodian's appointment, the Custodian shall transfer and deliver to the successor Custodian applicable account records and assets of the custodial account (reduced by any unpaid amounts referred to in paragraph 8 of this Article VIII). The successor Custodian (and any successor thereto) shall be subject to the provisions of this Agreement (or any successor thereto) on the effective date of its appointment.
12. The Custodian shall, from time to time, in accordance with instructions in writing or by means of recorded telephone conversation with the Depositor (or the Depositor's beneficiary if the Depositor is deceased), make distributions out of the custodial account in the manner and amounts as may be specified in such instructions (reduced by any amounts referred to in Article VIII, paragraph 8). A SIMPLE IRA Distribution Request Form is available from the Custodian, and may be obtained and used to request any distribution from your SIMPLE IRA. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article IV above, the Custodian assumes (and shall have) no responsibility to make any distribution from the custodial account unless and until such written instructions specify the occasion for such distribution and the elected manner of distribution, except as set forth in the second part of this paragraph (12) below, with respect to age 70½ distributions.

Prior to making any such distribution from the custodial account, the Custodian shall be furnished with any and all applications, certificates, tax waivers, signature guarantees, and other documents (including proof of any legal representative's authority) deemed necessary or advisable by the Custodian, but the Custodian shall not be liable for complying with written instructions which appear on their face to be genuine, or for refusing to comply if not satisfied such instructions are genuine, and assumes no duty of further inquiry. Upon receipt of proper written instructions as required above, the Custodian shall cause the assets of the custodial account to be distributed in cash and/or in kind, as specified in such written instructions.

The participant may select a method of distribution under Article IV, paragraph 3, option (a) or (b) above. If the participant requests an age 70½ distribution by timely written instruction but does not choose any of the methods of distribution described above by the April 1st following the calendar year in which he or she reaches age 70½, distribution to the participant will be made in accordance with Article IV, paragraph 2, option (b). If the participant does not request an age 70½ distribution from the custodial account by timely written instruction, or does not specify the amount of the age 70½ distribution which the participant will be taking from another IRA(s), no distribution will be made; however calculation of the current year Required Minimum Distribution amount which cannot be rolled over to another IRA will be made in accordance with Article IV, paragraph 2, option (b).

13. Distribution of the assets of the custodial account shall be made in accordance with the provisions of Article IV as the participant (or the participant's beneficiary if the participant is deceased) shall elect by written instructions to the Custodian; subject, however, to the provisions of sections 401(a)(9), 408(a)(6) and 403(b)(10) of the Code, the regulations promulgated thereunder, Article VIII, paragraph 12 of this Agreement. The provisions of this paragraph (13) of Article VIII shall prevail over the provisions of Article IV to the extent the provisions of this paragraph (13) are permissible under proposed and/or final regulations promulgated by the Internal Revenue Service.
14. In the event any amounts remain in the custodial account after the death of the participant, the rights of the participant under this Agreement shall thereafter be exercised by his or her beneficiary.
15. The Custodian is authorized to hire agents (including any transfer agent for Eligible Assets) to perform certain duties under this Agreement.
16. This Agreement shall terminate coincident with the complete distribution of the assets of the participant's account.
17. All notices to be given by the Custodian to the participant shall be deemed to have been given when mailed to the address of the participant indicated by the Custodian's records.
18. Neither the Custodian nor any sponsor, issuer, depository or other person or entity associated with any Eligible Asset held at any time in the custodial account shall be responsible for any losses, penalties or other consequences to the participant or any other person arising out of the making of, or the failure to make, any contribution or withdrawal.
19. In addition to the reports required by paragraph (2) of Article V, the Custodian shall periodically cause to be mailed to the participant in respect of each such period an account of all transactions affecting the custodial account during such period and a statement showing the custodial account as of the end of such period. If, within 30 days after such mailing, the participant has not given the Custodian written notice of any exception or objection thereto, the periodic accounting shall be deemed to have been approved and, in such case or upon the written approval of the participant, the Custodian, and the sponsor, issuer, depository or other person or entity primarily associated with each Eligible Asset held in the custodial account shall be released, relieved and discharged with respect to all matters and statements set forth in such accounting as though the account had been settled by judgment or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction shall be released, relieved and discharged with respect to all matters and statements set forth in such accounting as though the account had been settled by judgment or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction.
20. In performing the duties conferred upon the Custodian by the participant hereunder, the Custodian shall act as the agent of the participant. The parties do not intend to confer any fiduciary duties on the Custodian and none shall be implied. Neither the Custodian nor any sponsor, issuer, depository or other person or entity associated with Eligible Assets shall be liable (and neither assumes any responsibility) for the collection of contributions, the deductibility or the propriety of any contribution under this Agreement, the selection of any Eligible Asset for this custodial account, or the purpose or propriety of any distribution made in accordance with Article IV and Paragraph 12, 13 of Article VIII, which matters are the sole responsibility of the participant or the participant's beneficiary, as the case may be. The participant and the successors of the participant, including any beneficiary, executor or administrator, shall, to the extent permitted by law, indemnify and hold the Custodian and any sponsor, issuer, depository or other person or entity associated with Eligible Assets and their affiliates, successors and assigns harmless from any and all claims, actions or liabilities, except such as may arise from such party's own bad faith, negligence, nonfeasance, or willful misconduct.
21. The Custodian shall be responsible solely for the performance of those duties expressly assigned to it in this Agreement and by operation of law. In determining the taxable amount of a distribution, the participant shall rely only on his or her federal tax records, and the Custodian shall withhold federal income tax from any distribution from the custodial account as if the total amount of the distribution is includible in the participant's income.
22. Except to the extent superseded by federal law, this Agreement shall be governed by, and construed, administered and enforced according to, the laws of the State of Delaware, and all contributions shall be deemed made in Delaware.
23. In the event any asset or property held in the custodial account (or any asset or property previously subject to the operation of this section and administered by the Custodian) is redeemed or liquidated, matures, or is otherwise converted to cash or other property (a "Liquidation") for any reason or under any circumstances and the Custodian does not receive timely instructions designating what it should do with the proceeds of such Liquidation (the "Proceeds") from any person lawfully entitled to give instructions with respect to the account, including without limitation the registered owner of the custodial account ("Owner") and successors and representatives of the Owner, including

beneficiaries, heirs, executors, and administrators, or other proper persons or entities, or instructions are received but they cannot reasonably or practicably be carried out as given or are ambiguous or unclear, the Owner expressly directs and authorizes the Custodian to take "Any Reasonable Course Of Conduct". "Any Reasonable Course Of Conduct" is hereby defined to mean a course of conduct that the Custodian determines to be reasonable under the circumstances -- this course of conduct may include any one or more of the following, but it is not limited to the following: (i) depositing Proceeds in an FDIC-insured bank account or any other account, or using Proceeds to purchase shares of a money market mutual fund or any other asset or property, (ii) distributing Proceeds to persons the Custodian reasonably determines to be lawfully entitled to distributions from the account, (iii) holding Proceeds uninvested in a general account of the Custodian or other depository; and (iv) resigning as Custodian and engaging in a course of conduct, including any described in clauses (i) through (iii), outright and free of trust, if the Owner does not appoint a Custodian which immediately accepts transfer of all Proceeds, although nothing in this clause (iv) shall be interpreted to obligate the Custodian to resign before taking any course of conduct, including any described in clauses (i) through (iii).

In the event any agreement or understanding (other than this custodial account agreement) pursuant to which or in consideration of which the Custodian serves as custodian of the Account is terminated (and is not renewed or replaced) and a successor custodian does not take custody of the account in connection with or following such termination, the Custodian, after not less than 30 days notice to the Owner or such other persons as the Custodian reasonably determines to be entitled to give instructions with respect to the account, may (i) take Any Reasonable Course Of Conduct with respect to any assets or property in the custodial account, any Proceeds or any asset or property previously subject to the operation of this section and still administered by the Custodian, and (ii) may reset custodial fees charged to and owed by the account owner to the Custodian to an amount equal to the costs of maintaining the account.

The Custodian is authorized to pay or recover any costs and expenses associated with taking Any Reasonable Course of Conduct by utilizing the assets, property or Proceeds involved or by retaining a portion of such in a reserve and subsequently distributing any unused portion of the reserve. To offset administrative costs of the Custodian under any of the above described circumstances not otherwise recovered the Custodian shall be entitled to retain for its own account any incidental benefits earned in connection with taking Any Reasonable Course of Action, including "float", bank service credits or overnight investment earnings.

The Custodian shall not be liable for any action taken in reliance on this section, unless such liability is required by the Internal Revenue Code or regulations implementing the Internal Revenue Code, and the Owner expressly waives and releases the Custodian from all such liability. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, in the event the Custodian makes a distribution from the account to the persons it reasonably determines to be entitled to account distributions, the owner and such persons shall bear sole responsibility for any taxes, fines, assessments penalties, levies, tariffs, or other liabilities or consequences of any nature arising or resulting from the distribution, including non-monetary liabilities or consequences, and for taking any actions following the distribution to avoid or mitigate any liabilities or consequences.

This section shall not be interpreted so as to impose any duty of any nature on the Custodian if any one or more of the events described in this section occurs, whether a duty to take or omit to take any act in particular, to place Proceeds in any particular asset or property, to take possession of Proceeds if possession is discretionary, to exercise discretionary investment authority over the account, or to distribute Proceeds to the Owner. For purposes of clarification, it is the intention of this section to provide the Custodian with the broadest possible discretion permitted by law, including the discretion to hold Proceeds uninvested.

The Owner authorizes the Custodian to escheat or otherwise remit to appropriate jurisdictions in accordance with applicable abandoned property or other laws any assets or property in the custodial account, any Proceeds or any asset or property previously subject to the operation of this section and still administered or held by the Custodian, and to the extent any of the foregoing consists of anything other than cash, the Custodian may escheat or remit the non-cash asset, property or Proceeds or the cash resulting from a liquidation of such non-cash asset, property or Proceeds.

The account owner acknowledges and accepts the risks of owning the account as described in this section, including the investment risks and tax consequences of the Custodian taking Any Reasonable Course Of Conduct.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - (Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.)

Purpose of Form

Form 5305-SA is a model custodial account agreement that meets the requirements of sections 408(a) and 408(p). However, only Articles I through VII have been reviewed by the IRS. A SIMPLE individual retirement account (SIMPLE IRA) is established after the form is fully executed by both the individual (Participant) and the Custodian. This account must be created in the United States for the exclusive benefit of the participant or his or her beneficiaries. Do not file Form 5305-S with the IRS. Instead, keep it with your records. For more information on SIMPLE IRAs, including the required disclosures the custodian must give the participant, see Pub. 590-A, Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs), and Pub. 590-B, Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs); and Pub 560, Retirement Plans for Small Business (SEP, SIMPLE, and Qualified Plans). See IRS Publication 560, Retirement Plans for Small Business for more information on IRAs.

DEFINITIONS

Participant - The participant is the person who establishes the custodial account.

Custodian - The Custodian must be a bank or savings and loan association, as defined in section 408(n), or any person who has the approval of the IRS to act as Custodian.

TRANSFER SIMPLE IRA

This SIMPLE IRA is a "transfer SIMPLE IRA" if it is not the original recipient of contributions under any SIMPLE IRA plan. The summary description requirements of section 408(l)(2) do not apply to transfer SIMPLE IRAs.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

Article IV. Distributions made under this article may be made in a single sum, periodic payment, or a combination of both. The distribution option should be reviewed in the year the participant reaches age 70½ to ensure that the requirements of section 408(a)(6) have been met.

Article VIII. Article VIII and any that follow it may incorporate additional provisions that are agreed to by the participant and Custodian to complete the agreement. They may include, for example, definitions, investment powers, voting rights, exculpatory provisions, amendment and termination, removal of the Custodian, Custodian's fees, state law requirements, beginning date of distributions, accepting only cash, treatment of excess contributions, prohibited transactions with the participant, etc. Use additional pages if necessary and attach them to this form.

SIMPLE IRA APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

DO NOT USE THIS FORM TO ESTABLISH A COVERDELL ESA, ROTH IRA, SEP IRA, OR TRADITIONAL IRA

HOW TO COMPLETE THE ENCLOSED FORMS:

Please make sure a copy of your employer's SIMPLE IRA plan document (either a 5304-SIMPLE agreement or IRS approved prototype agreement) is attached to your Application. To open a SIMPLE IRA with Manning & Napier Fund, Inc., your employer's SIMPLE plan must permit plan participants to designate the financial institution that will serve as the custodian, trustee, or issuer of your SIMPLE IRA. If you are an employer who is establishing a SIMPLE Plan, please refer to the IRS website www.irs.gov to obtain a copy of IRS Form 5304-SIMPLE.

References to the "Custodian", "BNY Mellon ", "we" or "us" mean BNY Mellon Investment Servicing Trust Company.

To establish a SIMPLE Individual Retirement Account ("SIMPLE IRA"), please complete the "Manning & Napier Fund, Inc. SIMPLE IRA Application and Adoption Agreement" (the "Application"). The applicant's name must be that of an individual, not a business or trust. The SIMPLE IRA you establish with the Custodian is referred to in these forms and documents as "your SIMPLE IRA" or "custodial account", depending on the context. The Custodian of the SIMPLE IRA you establish pursuant to the Application must receive the complete name and address of your employer.

The maximum allowable contribution to your SIMPLE IRA is 100% of your salary up to the contribution limit for the given tax year*. as deferred compensation. This limit is in addition to your employer's matching or non-elective contributions. In the case of an eligible employee who will be age 50 or older before the end of the calendar year, the above limitation increases by \$3,000. Contribution limits may be subject to Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") cost-of-living adjustments. *Please read the SIMPLE Individual Retirement Account Disclosure Statement and any supplements attached carefully or consult IRS Publications 560 or 590-A or consult a professional tax advisor for more information about eligibility requirements and contribution restrictions.

Contributions to your SIMPLE IRA may be invested in one or more mutual funds pursuant to the Mutual Fund Option (please see "Description of Available Options for Your Contributions"). Prospectuses for the mutual funds available through the Mutual Fund Option (the "Funds") may be obtained by calling 1-800-466-3863. Before investing in a Fund, please be sure to read the prospectus for that Fund carefully.

All portions of this SIMPLE IRA Application and Adoption Agreement are binding on you so you are encouraged to read all portions of it, and in particular the section titled "Description of Available Options for Your Contributions", the Custodial Account Agreement and the Application section titled "Terms and Conditions".

The minimum initial investment to establish a Manning & Napier Fund, Inc. IRA is \$2,000.

Please make checks payable to Manning & Napier Fund, Inc.

SIMPLE IRA ROLLOVERS

If you are rolling money into your SIMPLE IRA that you received from another custodian, trustee or issuer, please be sure to mark "Rollover" in the Participant Information section of the Application and complete the Certification of Rollover Assets Form.

SIMPLE IRA TRANSFERS

If you will be transferring assets from an existing SIMPLE IRA to your Manning & Napier Fund, Inc. SIMPLE IRA, please be sure to mark "Transfer from a SIMPLE IRA" in the Participant Information section of the Application and complete the SIMPLE IRA Transfer of Assets Form. If you have questions or need assistance, please call 1-800-466-3863.

Please mail your completed Application to:

First Class Mail:
Manning & Napier Fund, Inc.
P.O. Box 534449
Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4449

Overnight Mail:
Manning & Napier Fund, Inc.
Attention: 534449
500 Ross Street, 154-0520
Pittsburgh, PA 15262
1-800-466-3863